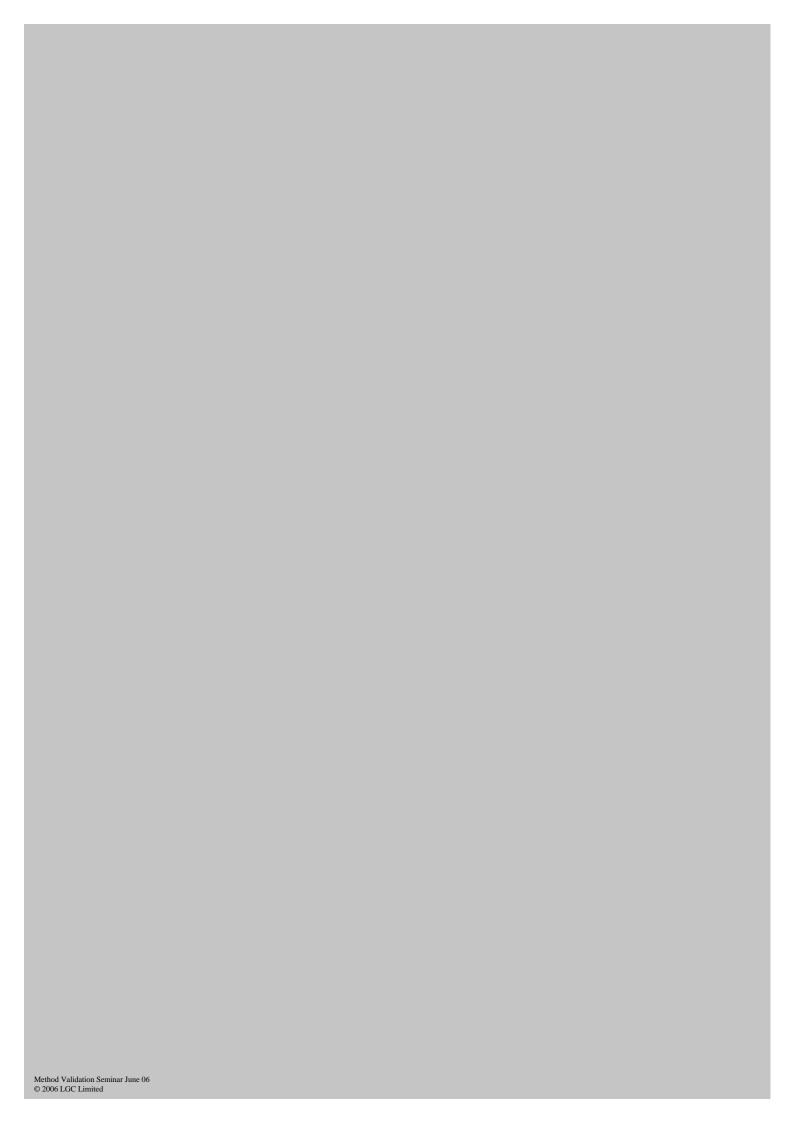






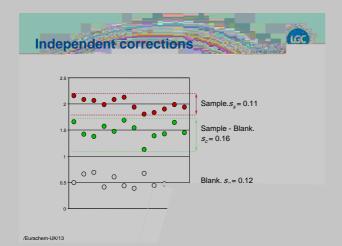
- Critical value
 - instrument response used to trigger action
- Detection limit
 - amount of substance leading to action
- Quantitation limit
 - lowest level at which uncertainty is acceptable

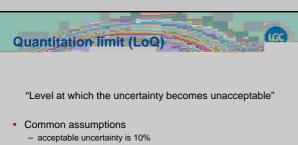
/Eurachom-LIK/A





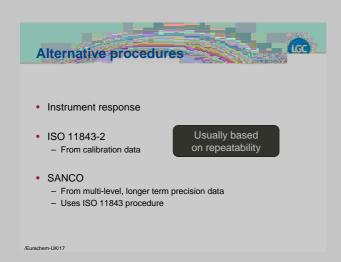
/Eurochom-LIK/10





- leads to 10s₀
- Other levels used:
 - 5*s*₀,6*s*₀
- Recommendation
 - use $10\,s_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ unless otherwise required

/Furachemal IK/16



Setting limits from instrument		
respo	onse	
/Furachemal IK/19		

Current recommendations

- "Less than LOD" does NOT mean "invalid result"
 - Report the raw result and its uncertainty if you can
- · Not all systems provide results below thresholds
 - A case for a different approach?
 - Maximum likelihood estimation...?

/Eurochom-LIK/21

Which standard deviation?



- Instrument noise?
- If a signal is visible, there must be some analyte present!
- Repeatability?
 - Takes into account extraction/preparation
- In-house reproducibility?
 - Adds longer-term effects
- Suggestion: Smallest SD for critical value; largest for "LOD" addition.

/Eurachem-UK/23

Conclusions



- Detection limits are based on statistical reasoning
- Detection limits determined during validation are indicative
 - for typical in-house validations, approximate values are usually adequate e.g. 3s for "LOD"
 - decision limits on which action depends should be rigorously checked and monitored regularly
- Report raw values if you can
 - Investigate 'censored data' methods if you can't
- Some more work is needed on which standard deviation to use for critical decisions

/Eurachem-UK/24

"A detection limit is something to stay	
well away from"	
/Eurachem-UK/25	